

# The Butler Weekly Times.

VOL. XV.

BUTLER, MISSOURI, THURSDAY SEPTEMBER 7, 1893.

NO. 42

## THE LAST CALL! WE GO OUT OF BUSINESS!

IN JUST TWO WEEKS.

Having made other arrangements, our stock here must be closed out within the next two weeks. Now is your chance to buy

## DRY GOODS

Cheaper than you ever bought them before in your life. This is your opportunity to lay in your fall DRESS GOODS, Ladies and Childrens' Fall and Winter Underwear, Woolen Hosiery, or any other goods you may want in the DRY GOODS line.

## BOSTON STORE,

Southeast Corner Square, Butler, Mo.

## Missouri State Bank

OF BUTLER, MO.

CAPITAL, . . . . \$110,000.

Receives Deposits subject to Check, Loans Money, Makes Collections and does a General Banking Business.

**DIRECTORS.**  
Booker Powell, Frank Voris, C. H. Dutcher,  
C. R. Radford, Oscar Reeder, Geo. L. Smith,  
T. C. Boulware, R. G. West, Wm. E. Walton,  
John Deurwester, H. H. Pigott, J. R. Jenkins,  
H. C. Wyatt. **WM. E. WALTON, President**  
**J. R. JENKINS, Cashier.**

### TERRIBLE ACCIDENT.

Two People Killed and More Than Forty Others Injured.

Cincinnati, O., Sept. 3.—What will perhaps prove the most disastrous street car accident that ever happened took place in this city this evening. An electric car dashed down a hill at frightful speed, left the track, broke a telegraph pole and shot into a saloon, wrecking both itself and the structure it struck. As a result of the collision two people are dead, six are injured beyond recovery and nearly forty more are hurt, many of them dangerously.

Suddenly the brake became unmanageable and the heavy car began to descend with speed. Conductor Smith ran to his comrade's assistance, but the brake was obstinate and the two men turned their attention to the frightened passengers. By persuasion and force the inmates were kept in their seats, while the car, now swaying to and fro, shot down the hill with awful velocity until reaching the intersection of Hunt and Broadway, it left the track and, smashing a telegraph pole which stood in its path into two pieces, plunged into the saloon of George Schmidt at 351 Broadway.

There were forty-five people in the car, and not one of them escaped injury. The motorman and conductor jumped just before the car struck the pole, and thus escaped a horrible death. The car was smashed into splinters, as was the front of the saloon and the bar, and from the debris at once arose agonizing cries and moans that told those within hearing that a terrible accident had occurred.

### Back at his Work

Washington, D. C., Sept. 1.—President Cleveland, accompanied by Mrs. Cleveland, their daughter Ruth, nurse and maid, arrived in Washington this morning at 4:10 o'clock from Buzzards Bay, Mass., over the Pennsylvania road in a special car. The party remained on the train until 7 o'clock, when they were met by private Secretary Thurber with carriages and driven to the White House in a drenching rain. Mr. Thurber was afterward asked as to the general health of the party and he replied that everybody was feeling first rate and the sojourn at Gray Gables had been beneficial to all. Mr. Cleveland in particular was in excellent spirits; his eye was bright and complexion clear, and he looked vigorous and strong.

Secretary Carlisle, asked yesterday as to the facts concerning President Cleveland's reported serious illness, answered: "The President is as well as any man in America, and he has no chronic ailment whatever. He returns rested and invigorated by his much-needed vacation. His health is perfect."

Mr. Cleveland's day was spent in the hardest of work. After breakfast he went to his office, and from 9:30 until 11:30 o'clock he and Private Secretary Thurber disposed of a very large amount of accumulated public business. At 11:30 the Cabinet meeting began and lasted until 1 o'clock. All the Cabinet officers were present except Secretary Smith.

### BANDITS ROB AND KILL

Frisco Passenger Train No. 2 Held up at Mound Valley.

### MESSENGER CHAPMAN KILLED.

His Dead Body Left Lying Beside the Railroad Tracks.—Men and Women are Robbed.—Express Company's Safe Escapes, but Passengers do Not.

Oswego, Kan., Sept. 3.—Three men, one masked, held up Frisco passenger train No. 2, at Mound Valley, Kan., at 3:13 o'clock this morning, shot and instantly killed Express Messenger Charles A. Chapman, robbed nearly all of the passengers and escaped. Mound Valley is a little station only fifteen miles from the Indian Territory line. The bandits are now probably safe with in that retreat of outlaws.

When the train pulled into Mound Valley two of the bandits boarded the engine and one remained upon the platform. A moment later the colored porter stepped from the train to assist a lady in getting on. A Winchester was thrust into his face and he was told to throw up his hands. Instead of complying he rushed the woman into the car and locked the door. Conductor Mills, knowing nothing of the porter's experience, came forward from a rear car and met with the same reception. He, too, refused to comply with the request to throw up his hands and ran back to the sleeper.

Meanwhile Messenger Chapman had left his car, whether to escape or to notify the passengers will never be known, for he had gone but a few yards when he was discovered by the outlaws upon the engine who opened fire upon him. Only two shots were fired, but one ball from a Winchester crashed into his brain and he staggered and fell beside the track, dead.

Then the outlaws commanded the engineer to pull out and run until he was told to stop. One mile and a half down the road he was told to check up and dismounting, the men proceeded to rob the train. In killing Chapman they had shut themselves out of the Wells Fargo safe, however for it was locked and successfully resisted their efforts with a coal pick.

Foiled in their attempt to loot the safe the bandits turned their attention to the passengers. With the exception of those in the sleeper, every man and woman was robbed. Money, watches, jewelry, hats, coats, and even a bottle of whisky was taken. It is estimated that fully \$1,000 in cash and valuables was secured. Then, leaving the train, the men disappeared in the darkness. It is probable that they had horses in waiting and rode for the Territory. The train was run back to Mound City, where Chapman's dead body was recovered, and then continued its journey. The unfortunate messenger lived at Joplin. He was 24 years old and leaves a wife to whom he was recently married.

When the train reached this place a posse was made up and started in pursuit of the outlaws, but there is little hope that they will be captured.

On board the train was Rufus Cone, chief of police of Wichita. He and the negro porter of all the train load were armed, and they offered no resistance whatever.

All of the passengers interviewed say that the robbers displayed a coolness that was simply remarkable and acted like old hands at the business.

The people of this section are wondering now what new gang of outlaws they will have to combat. First, the original Dalton band was wiped out at Coffeyville, Kan. Then followed the arrest of Henry Starr and "Kid" Wilson in Colorado, both of whom are serving terms in the penitentiary at Fort Smith, Ark., and people on the Indian Territory border had begun to hope for immunity from the raids of bandits. But last week Bill Dalton turned up at the head of a desperate gang at Ingalls, Ok., and today another band evidently old in the business, robs and kills at Mound Valley.

### GRAND ARMY REUNION.

Old Soldiers of the Union Assembling at Indianapolis.

Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 4.—Thanks to queen's weather and the successful carrying out of the admirable arrangements perfected by the local committees, the twenty-seventh national encampment of the G. A. R. opened most auspiciously to day. So far as the number of visitors from outside points is concerned, the success of the encampment is already assured. All day long the railroads poured a stream of people into the Hoosier capital, and somewhere in the neighborhood of 30,000 people must have been turned loose into the streets of Indianapolis. Hardy farmers, with their wives and children and other relatives, formed a large proportion of the arrivals. The encampment is within easy distance, and to keep away from it would be worse than treason. And so they are here in tens of thousands.

As the veterans arrive, outside of the State posts are not by any means up to expectations. A good many States send less than half the total that had been scheduled a month ago as certain to be here, while a few are likely to make even a poorer showing. Hard times and the continued stringency of the money market, especially in the far Western States, is the ascribable cause.

Almost on the very spot in Military park where, thirty-one years ago, the citizens presented to Colonel Harrison and his newly organized Seventieth regiment of volunteers the standards of Indiana and the United States to carry before them to the war, the ex-President this afternoon dedicated Camp Wilder, the name bestowed upon some 300 tents in which reunions of regiments and old soldiers' societies will be in full blast for the remainder of the week. About 3,000 people participated in the exercises, which included address by W. A. Ketcham, General G. T. Wilder, for whom the camp is named, and General Harrison; patriotic music by the band and the raising of the stars and stripes to the top of a towering pole.

When the ex-President was introduced he was greeted with a volley of cheers that was thrice repeated. He apologized to his fellow citizens for having remained so long at the seashore, while they were working hard for the success of the encampment; admitted that he felt in some degree "a shirk," indulged in some interesting reminiscences regarding the park and surrounding neighborhood in the days of the war, and eulogized the bravery and devotion to country of the Indiana troops.

Senator Cockrell: "No nation on earth ever has too much gold or too much silver money. History does not record an instance when any nation had too much good coined silver or too much good coined gold. We cannot have it in the United States; but rather than have the condition we have to day, I would welcome the flight of every gold dollar from United States soil and the imposition in its place of millions of silver. If we are to have a single standard, it ought to be a single silver standard."

The rope did service in South Carolina Friday George Turner a wealthy South Carolinian was hung at Spartanburg. Two negroes were swung off at Mount Pleasant, and three other negroes were executed at Laurens. All of the above victims were brutal murderers.

**Children Cry for  
Pitcher's Castoria.  
Children Cry for  
Pitcher's Castoria.  
Children Cry for  
Pitcher's Castoria.**

## FARMERS BANK

OF BATES COUNTY,

Cash Capital. \$50,000.00

COUNTY DEPOSITORY  
OF BATES CO.

D. N. THOMPSON, President  
J. K. ROSIER, Vice-President  
E. A. BENNETT, 2d Vice-President  
E. D. KIPP, Cashier

**DIRECTORS.**  
Clark W. W. M. S. Kiersey, John E. Shutt, R. J. Hurley, John Steele  
M. G. Wilcox, E. A. Bennett, D. N. Thompson, T. W. Leag  
J. J. McKee, H. M. Galley, J. K. Rosier, E. D. Kipp  
J. EVERINGHAM, Secretary

Receives Deposits subject to check, Loans Money, issues Drafts and transacts a general Banking business. Your patronage respectfully Solicited.

### Fire at No. 16.

The head house at No. 16 of the Rich Hill Coal Co.'s mines was discovered to be on fire about half past eleven o'clock last night, by the night watchman, who was in the mine at the time. He paid no attention to the matter at first, as the illumination was so light that he supposed it was caused by some miner's lamp. Shortly, after, however it was seen to be of more serious nature, and the entire structure was consumed. The fire seemed to originate near the top of the building and it is believed to have been the work of some incendiary, as it cannot be accounted for on any other hypothesis.

One of our leading merchants was complaining seriously of the insurance companies. He said that when the city accepted the water-works the insurance companies raised their rates on account of it, claiming that in case of fire the stock was greatly damaged by water. Our merchants stood the rise. A few weeks ago, when the water supply was cut off, the insurance companies raised the rates again. On account of the last raise, the merchant reduced his insurance one half, and will take his chances on the fire. He doesn't understand how it is that they raised the rates when water was added to the town, and raised them again when our water privileges were taken from us. It seems that all are fish who get into the insurance net.—Lamar Democrat.

### Bled to Death at the Depot.

Jefferson City, Mo., Aug. 29.—A sad death occurred at the Missouri Pacific depot here this afternoon. John B. Dillon and bride of three weeks, of Litchfield, Ill., were on the train going to Kansas City, Kan., to visit the former's brother, M. C. Dillon. Just as the train was about to pull out Mr. Dillon ruptured an artery in his neck and bled to death in five minutes. The rupture was caused by an abscess.

### Owe Kansas Very Little.

Topeka, Kan., Aug. 31.—State Bank Commissioner Breidenthal at noon to day had received reports from 266 state and private banks relative to their balances with New York banks. They showed that there was due Kansas banks from New York banks a net balance of \$116,636.92. Eighteen of 256 banks were indebted to the New York banks \$81,526.87, while the remaining 238 had due them \$198,264.99.

Senator John Sherman: "Young man there is no money in politics, believe me." Then you will kindly explain how you managed to save about \$4,000,000 in ten years on a salary of \$8,000 a year.—Chicago Dispatch.

It is common rumor that a vast sum was made in silver bullion circulation, afforded by the passage of the Sherman bill, degrading silver on the market to an article of merchandise.—Clinton Democrat.

## Royal the Superior Baking Powder.

Office of the Health Commissioner,

St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 21, 1893.

THE conflicting publications about the baking powders caused me to ask City Chemist Dr. Sullivan for a report upon them. He has analyzed the principal brands sold in St. Louis, and reports that the Royal is the purest and greatest in leavening strength. This has induced the use of the Royal Baking Powder in my home, and it is found to give most complete satisfaction.

WM. N. BRENNAN, M. D.  
Health Commissioner.

Office of City Chemist,

CITY HALL, ST. LOUIS, Nov. 25, 1892.

WM. N. BRENNAN, M. D., Health Commissioner,  
Sir: In compliance with your request, I have carefully analyzed baking powders on sale in this city, and report to you as follows: . . . the Royal excels all others. It is the highest in strength, in fabrique a faultless arrangement of agents, pure and wholesome, free from adulteration with lime, ammonia or alum.

JAMES E. SULLIVAN, M. D., Chemist.

Royal is the only Baking Powder containing neither ammonia nor alum.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 108 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

**DR. PRICE'S**  
**Cream Baking Powder.**

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.  
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard